



PEMS 10th Annual International Conference

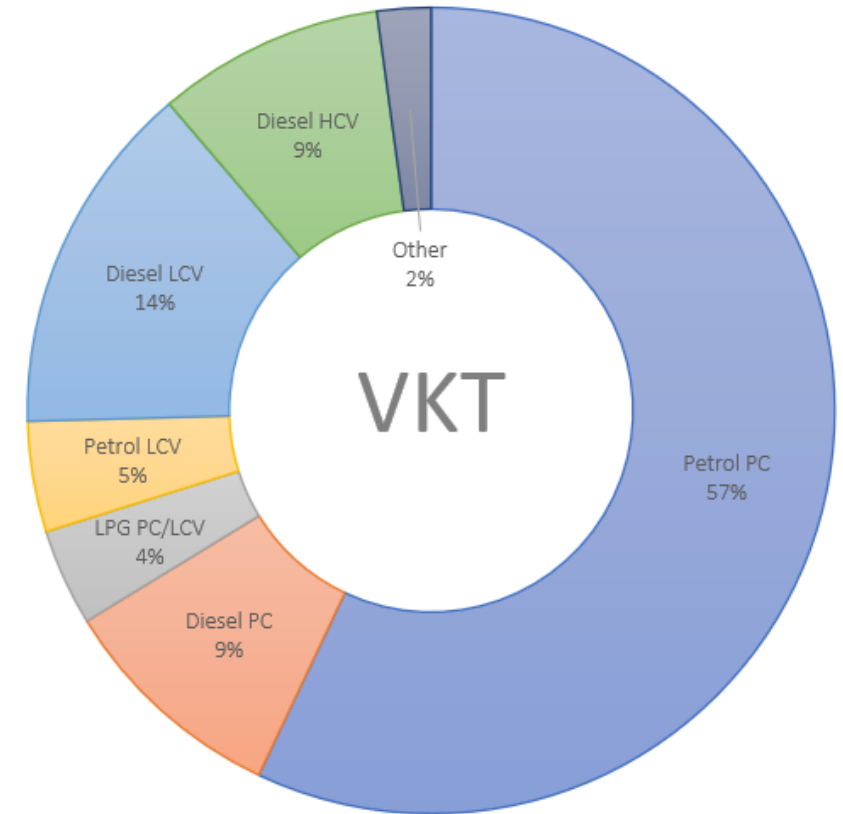
An overview of measuring and modelling real-world vehicle emissions in Australia

PEMS 2021 Conference USA

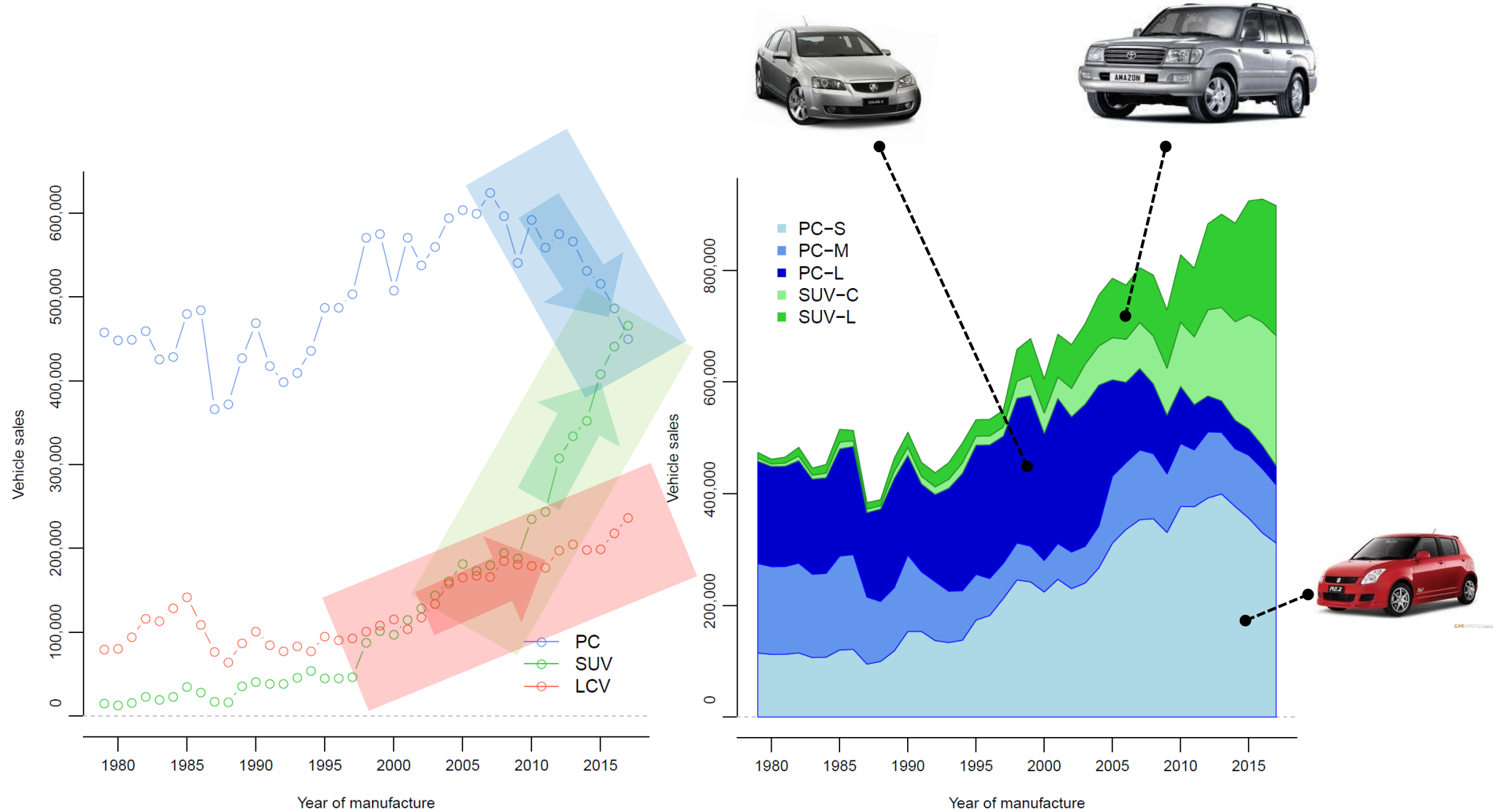
A/A Prof Dr Robin Smit, 11 March 2021

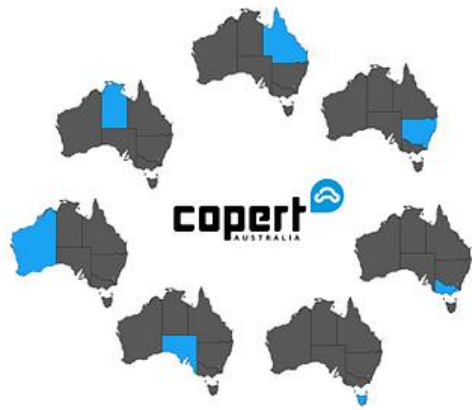
Australian on-road fleet – some statistics

- About 19 million vehicles (2018)
- PV petrol ~ 60% total VKT (about 25% SUV)
- PV Diesel ~ 10% total VKT (about 75% SUV)
- LCV ~ 20% total VKT (about 75% diesel)
- LPG LDV ~ 5%
- Diesel trucks and buses (~10%)

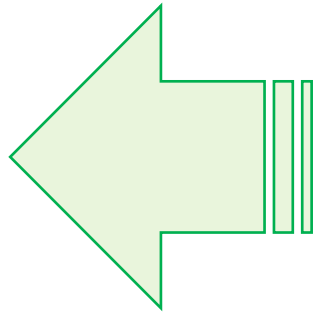
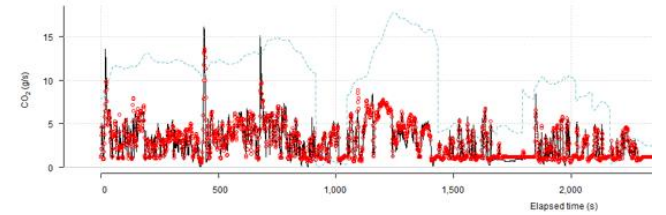
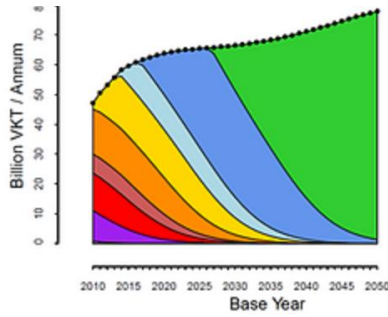


Fleet model = essential

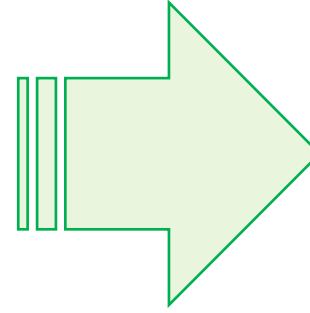




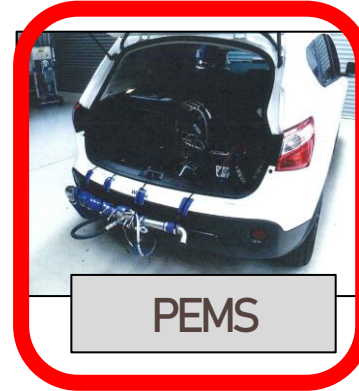
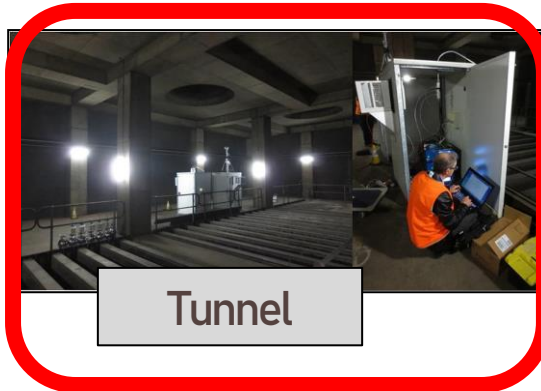
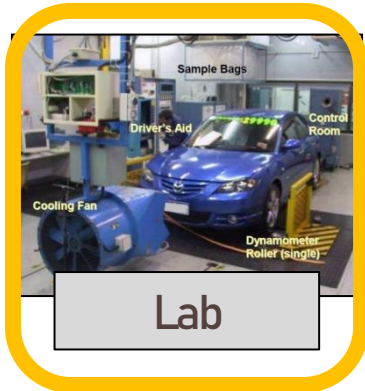
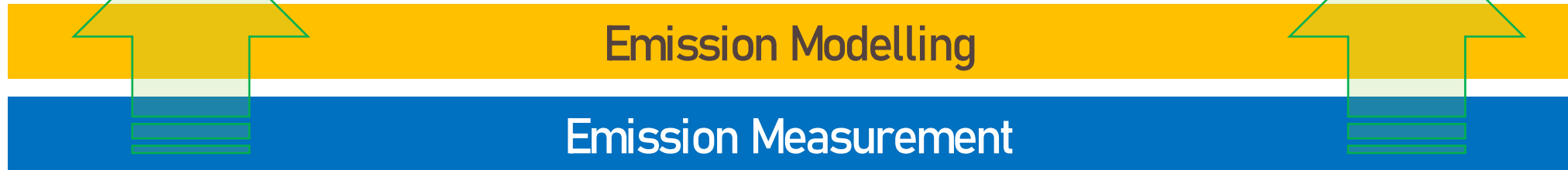
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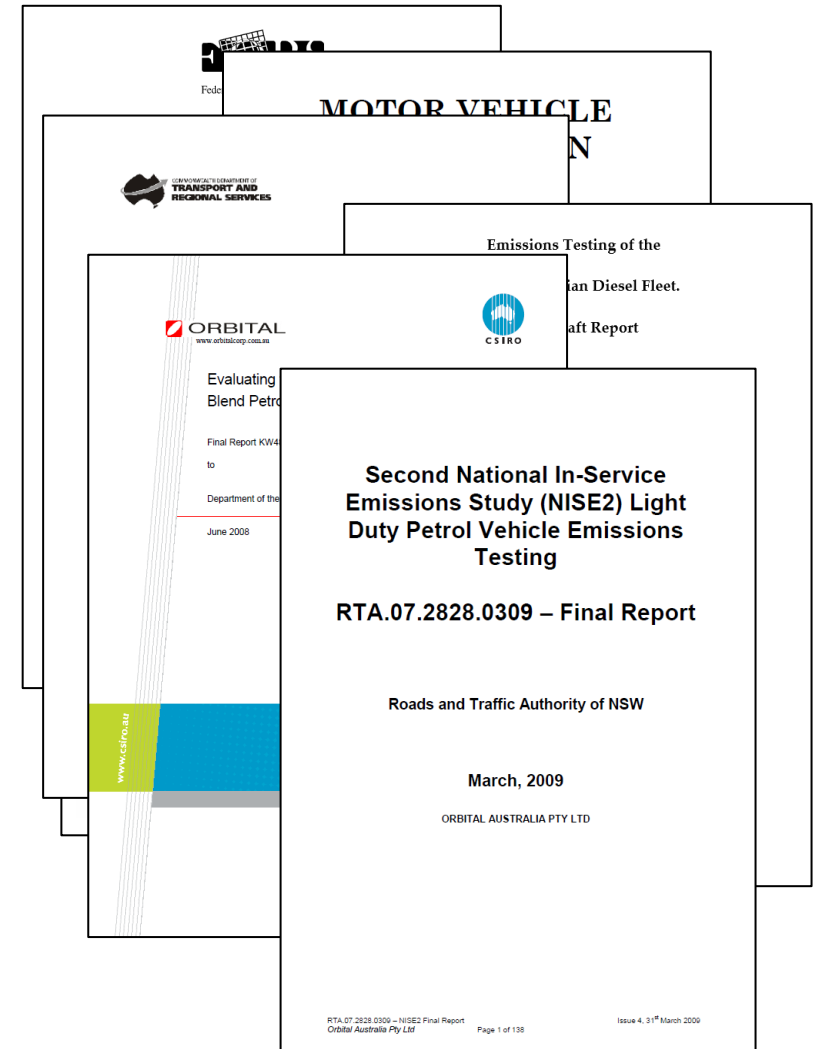


POP
vehicle emission simulator



Measuring vehicle emissions – Australia

- Several **in-service** vehicle emission test programs have been conducted in Australia (laboratory, chassis dyno):
 - 1996, NISE1, 634 vehicles (petrol)
 - 1997, NISE-LPG, 37 vehicles (**LPG**)
 - 2000, DNEPM, 75 vehicles (diesel)
 - 2001, CVES, 46 vehicles (petrol, **LPG**)
 - 2008, SATR, 393 vehicles (diesel)
 - 2008, EthS, 21 vehicles (petrol, E5/10)
 - 2009, NISE2, 410 vehicles (petrol)
- This large combined database has enabled the development of Australian vehicle emission software.



Vehicle emission measurements in Australia

- Australia lacks a **nationally coordinated** vehicle emission and model development program, in contrast to e.g. EU, Asia, USA.
- This poses challenges with regard to:
 - consistent
 - up-to-date
 - reliable assessment of motor vehicle emissions.
- 2015 to date – targeted measurement programs to validate and update models.
- Real-world vehicle emission measurements are essential for:
 - accurate emission estimation
 - identification of emerging new issues.

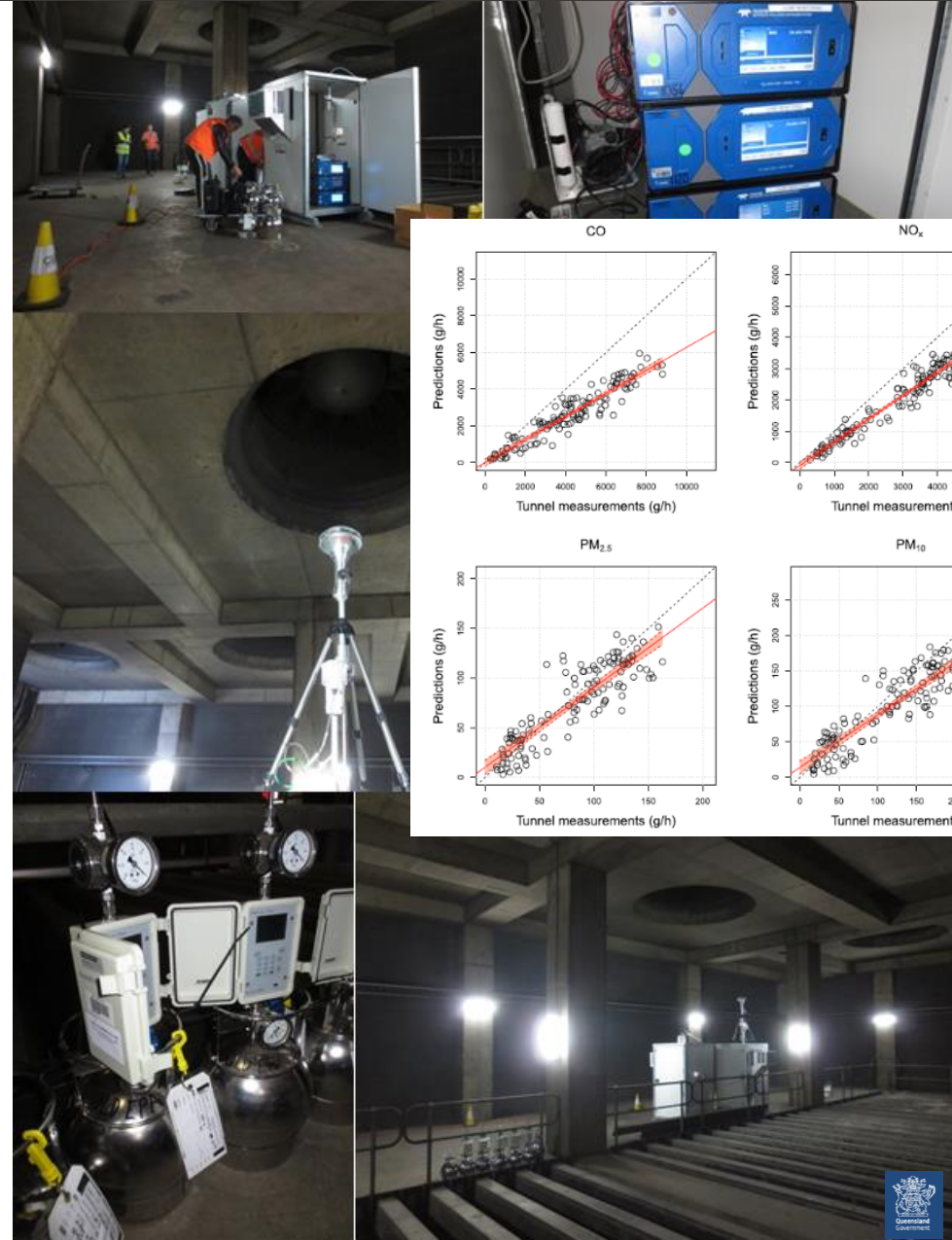
Tunnel study

Smit *et al.*, 2017. *Atmospheric Environment*, 151, 188-199.
Smit and Kingston, 2015. *SAE Technical Paper*, 2015-01-0058.



Tunnel study

- CLEM7 tunnel BNE 2014
- Validation **COPERT Australia** + **P Δ P** software.
- Prediction errors:
 - PM within 20%
 - NO_x and CO within 40%
- Speciated hydrocarbons large uncertainty.



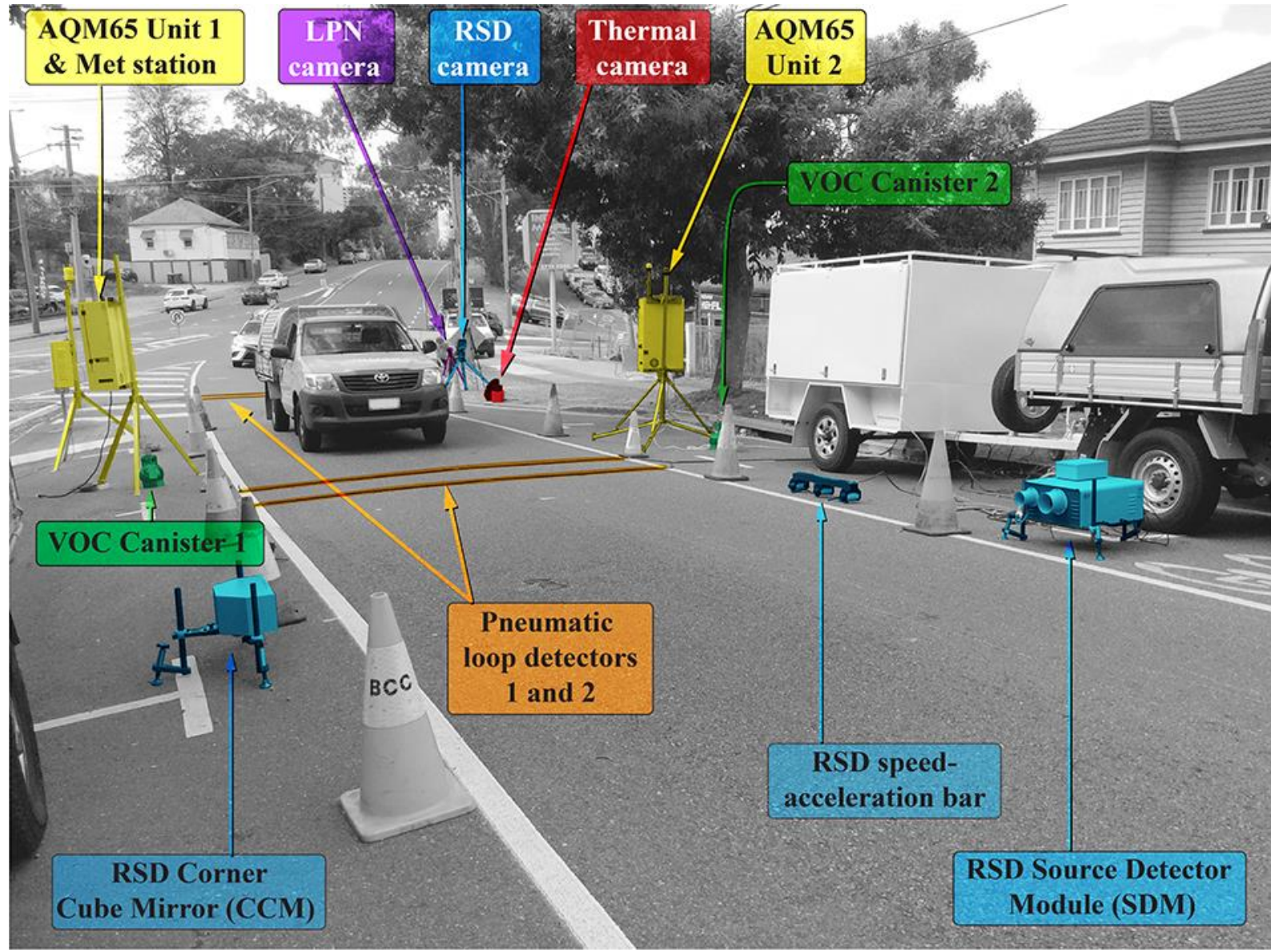
Remote sensing

Smit *et al.* 2021. *Atmospheric Environment*, accepted for publication.
Smit and Kennedy, 2020. *Atmosphere*, 11 (294), 1-17.
Smit *et al.* 2019. *Atmospheric Environment*, 218, 1-13.
Smit and Kingston, 2019. *Atmosphere*, 10 (516), 1-17.
Smit and Kingston, 2019. *Air Quality and Climate Change*, 53 (1), 22-26.



Remote sensing

Combined PER-BNE database (100,000+ valid emission measurements) 2009-2019



Remote sensing

Combined PER-BNE
database (100,000+ valid
emission measurements)
2009-2019

Equipment	Site		
	Urban	Freeway	Commercial
Accuscan RSD4600	×	×	×
Reconyx MS7 Microfire	×	×	×
Noptic Thermal Camera	×	×	×
Pneumatic Loop Detectors	×	×	
Bluetooth MAC address units	×	×	
AQM65, Summa Canisters, Met Station	×		
Dynamometer			×



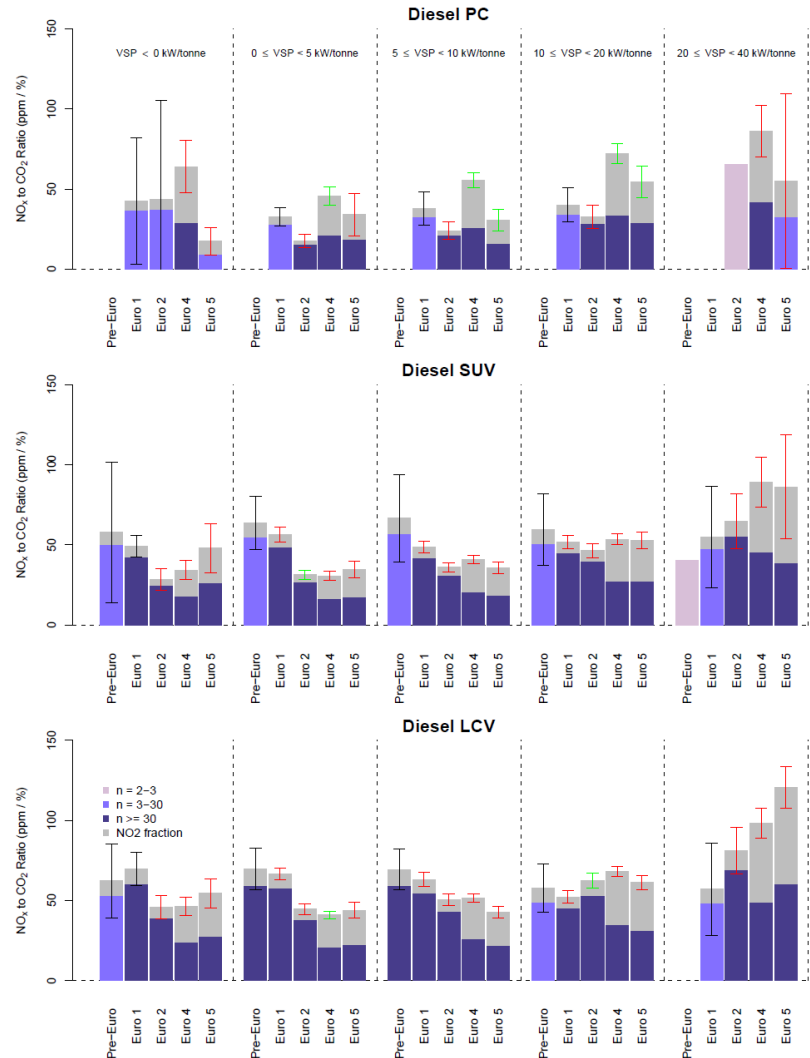
Remote sensing



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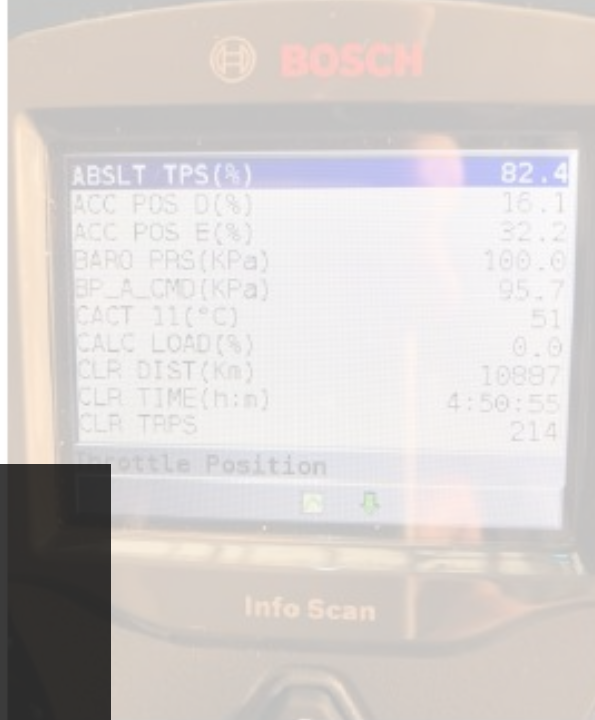


Over a decade of remote sensing data

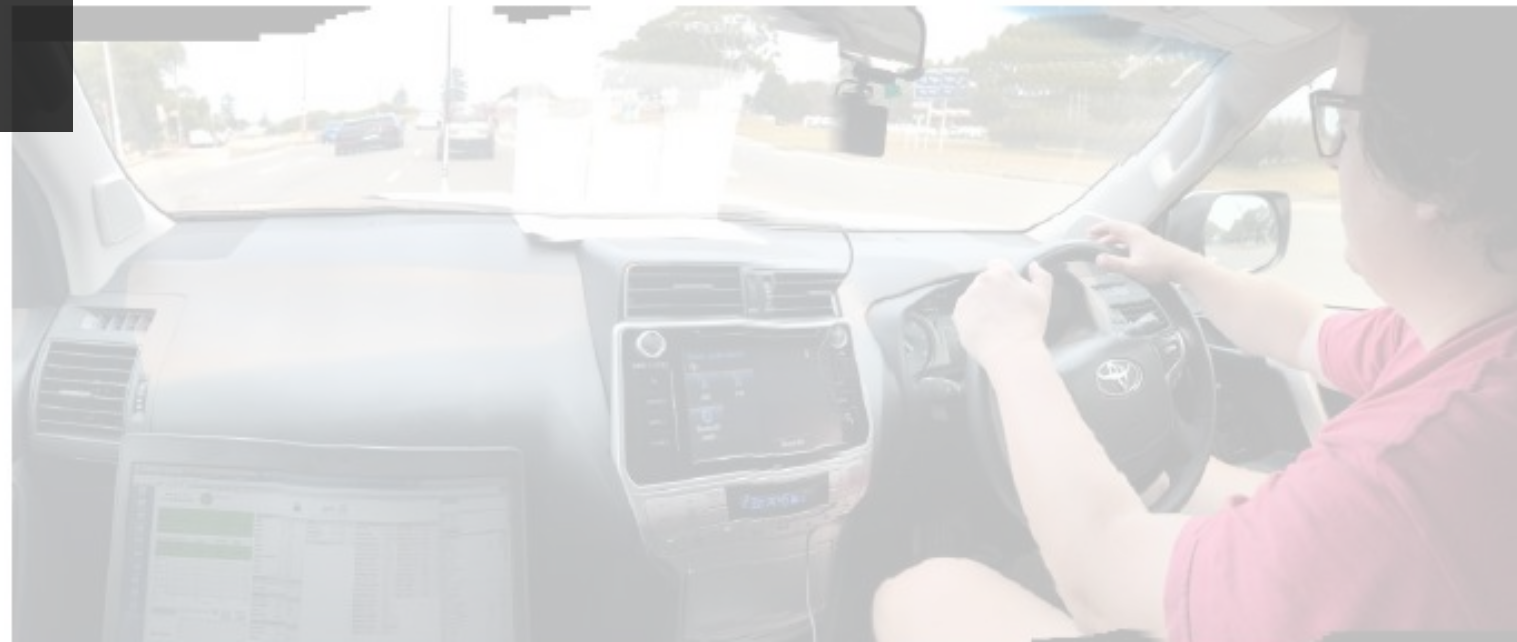


Euro 2 > 2003, Euro 4 > 2007, Euro 5a > 2014, Euro 5b > 2017

- Poor real-world NO_x performance of Euro 4/5 light-duty diesel vehicles observed around the world is also evident in Australian measurements.
- General lack of statistically significant reduction in NO_x/CO₂ ratio with progressive Euro standards for diesel LDVs.
- UVsmoke - pooled data (Euro 5) for the two most recent years of manufacture (2017-2018) suggest that 1% of one-two year old diesel SUVs and 2% of one-two year old diesel LCVs have malfunctioning or potentially modified DPFs.



PEMS



On-board emissions testing with PEMS

- Completed 9 March 2021.
- 5 compact and large SUVs (petrol/diesel), GVW ~ 2-3 tonne, MY 2014+, Euro 5.
- Sample selection based on vehicle sales and GHG emissions data (contribution to fleet total emissions: 'emission-weighted' sales statistics)
- Commercially available fuels, fuel quality testing conducted
- AVL 493 Gas PEMS iX, + AVL 496 PN PEMS.
- OBD II scanning tool, Met sensors, GPS, Video.



On-board emissions testing with PEMS

- Test protocol developed - broadly RDE compliant.
 - Cold start test (urban, rural, motorway) D = 88 km
 - 4 hot start tests with 2 hours, then 5, 15, 30 minutes engine off periods (D = 4 km)
 - Coast-down testing

- Data analysis: will include machine learning methods for anomaly detection and data quality control.

- Collaboration and data sharing = welcome.

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