



Advances in RDE Brazil: FTP-75, ethanol biofuel and others

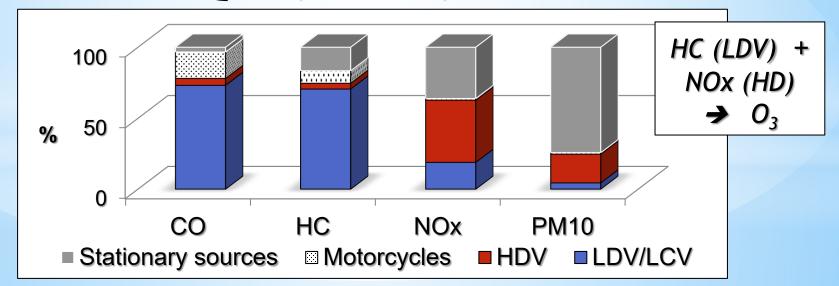
PEMS 10th Annual Conference A. Forcetto

Introduction

- RDE Brazil: effective after Jan./2022
- Importance: homologation (aft/2025) and fraud detection
- RDE Brazil: adapted from RDE Europe
- Objective: share the RDE Brazilian advances and concerns

Typical Brazilian profile

- Main pollutants: O₃ and PM_{2.5}
 - Precursors: {HC (from LDV)NOx (from HDV)



Typical Brazilian profile

- Fuels: Gasoline (w/25% ethanol) and Ethanol 100%
 - Diesel: not allowed for cars
- Flexfuel cars & motorcycles
- Big cities close to 1,000 m, high slopes
- Laboratory procedure: FTP-75 (instead of WLTC)

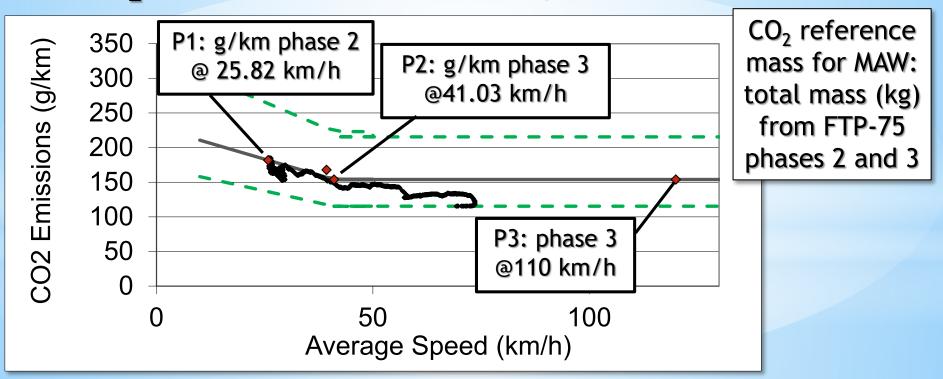
RDE Brazil development

- Based on RDE Europe
- Priority to metropolitan pollution control
 - Trips: only Urban (65%) and Rural (35%), no motorway
- Altitude gain: 600 to 1,200 m/100 km
- Temperature: 20-35°C (moderate)

10-20°C and 35-40°C (extended)

RDE Brazil development

CO₂ reference: From FTP-75 phases 2 and 3



RDE Brazil development

- Pollutants:
 - PM / PN: only in laboratory
 - RDE Regulated: CO / HC (NMOG) / NOx
 - CO₂ for efficiency
 - $NMOG_{RDE} = THC_{RDE} \times (NMOG_{LAB} / THC_{LAB})$

Concerns

All of them: not clear yet

- Cold start ethanol emission (< 20°C)</p>
 - ➤ Up to 30,000 ppm in the first minutes
- High NMOG due ethanol blend (E22 E100)
- THC and CO emission in high altitude gain and high temperature

Conclusions

- ✓ RDE Brazil: on the way
- ✓ FTP-75 as reference cycle: possible
- Flexfuel technology / Ethanol biofuel: the present
- ✓ Other important improvements: ORVR, 48h shed

That's is just the beginning!

Thanks for your attention

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